

# DISSIPABLE

BRINGING SUSTAINABILITY TO THE EARTHQUAKE RESISTANT STEEL STRUCTURES

# **FINAL WORKSHOP**

DISSIPATIVE AND EASILY REPAIRABLE COMPONENTS FOR RESILIENT BUILDINGS WITH COMPOSITE STEEL-CONCRETE STRUCTURES

This project has received funding from the Research Fund for Coal and Steel under grant agreement No 800699 - DISSIPABLE - RFCS 2018-2022







European Commission

# SCHEDULE

## TIME (CET)

10:00	Welcome and introduction	
	Alper Kanyilmaz, Politecnico di Milano, Italy	
	RFCS state and future	
	Emanuela Flora, Project Adviser at European Research Executive Agency (Future low emission industries)	
10:30 – 11:15	Dissipative and repairable components for steel	
	Carlo A. Castiglioni, Politecnico di Milano, Italy Luis Calado, Jorge Proenca, Instituto Superior Tecnico, Portugal Michalis Sofras, Sofman, Greece COFFEE BREAK	
11:30 – 12:30	Shaking table tests and results	
	Harris Mouzakis, Lydia Panoutsopoulou, Ioannis Psycharis, NTUA Greece	
	Hybrid test & simulation results	
	Nicola Tondini, Giulia Giuliani, University of Trento, Italy Roberto Andreotti, Alessio Bonelli, University of Trento, Italy	
12:30 – 13:00	Design guidelines and worked examples for steel buildings with dissipative and repairable components	
	Aleksei Kondratenko, Alper Kanyilmaz, Politecnico di Milano, Italy Giuliana Zilli, RINA Consulting, Italy Silvia Caprili, Francesca Mattei, Università di Pisa, Italy Pavlos Thanopoulos, Konstantinos Papavasileiou, NTUA, Greece Benno Hoffmeister, Marius Pinkawa, Cristian Vulcu, RWTH Aachen, Germany LUNCH BREAK	
14:00 – 14:30	Life cycle assessment and cost analysis at the product and building levels	
	Elena Rocco, Loredana Napolano, RINA Consulting, Italy	
14:30 – 15:00	Instructions for use and post-earthquake repair	
	Michalis Sofras, SOFMAN, Greece	
15.15 16.70	COFFEE BREAK	
15.15 - 10.50	Roundlable discussion logeliner with.	
	Promozione Acciaio, Italy FUNDEC, Portugal	
	FUNDE	C

The construction industry is the primary reason for resource consumption and CO2 emissions worldwide. Post-earthquake resiliency is a key to reducing such impact. However, repairing a damaged building is still too expensive and, in most cases, unpractical after a strong earthquake. There is a large body of research related to dissipative systems (and repairable in a few cases), claiming good structural characteristics. However, there has not been yet major evidence in putting the research findings into practice, increasing the reliability of the technical and economic data needed for industrial and commercial use. EU-RFCS DISSIPABLE (2018-2022) is a pilot/demonstration project that aimed to improve the steel building industry's long-term sustainability and resource efficiency by increasing the post-earthquake resiliency of steel-concrete composite structures. The project focused on dissipative and repairable components made of steel elements (pins, plates, short beams) that any steel manufacturer can easily reach.

In this workshop, the following results will be presented and discussed with the participants:

- Full-scale hybrid tests based on numerical/physical simulation.
- Shaking table tests of 3D building specimens under natural seismic excitations.
- · Benefits of high strength steel and stainless steel for seismic resistant steel structures
- Embodied CO2 and cost comparisons between the tested and conventional buildings based on the life cycle inventory collected during the 4-year project.

• Design guidelines and instructions for use showing a systematic assembly, removal, repair and reassembly procedures of the dissipative elements.

















#### WORKSHOP SECRETARIATAT

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### ORGANISING COMMITTEE

- H. Mouzakis NTUA A. Kanyilmaz POLIMI
- M. Sofras SOFMAN

## REGISTRATION

https://forms.office.com/r/4vAarX4s79 webex link will be sent after registration

